



11-02-22

RENATO CÔRTE-REAL

Cartesianas	Vetorial	dois pontos	dois vetores
$\frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{y-2}{4} = \frac{z-5}{4}$	$(x,y,z)=(1,2,5)+k(3,4,4)$ $k \in \mathbb{R}$	(1,2,5) e (4,6,9)	(3,4,4) e (-3,-4,-4)
$\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+3}{5} = z$			
$x = y = 1-z$			
	$(x,y,z)=(0,-1,2)+k(1,-2,1)$ $k \in \mathbb{R}$		
$\frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{-y+2}{3} = \frac{z-5}{-2}$			
	$(x,y,z)=(0,-1,2)+k(1,1,0)$ $k \in \mathbb{R}$		
		(1,-2,0) e (-3,1,-2)	
		(2,1,3) e .....	(1,0,0) e .....
		(0,0,1) e (0,0,4)	
$\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-1}{3} \wedge z = 8$			